

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION (MARCH 2018) 2017/2018 ACADEMIC SESSION

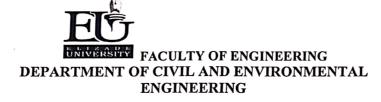
HOD'S SIGNATURE

Instructions:

- 1) Attempt Four Questions
- 2) Time Allowed: 3 hrs
- 3) SEVERE PENALTIES APPLY FOR MISCONDUCT, CHEATING, POSSESSION OF UNAUTHORIZED MATERIALS DURING EXAMINATION

Course Title: Highway Engineering I

Course Code: CVE 411



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Course Code: CVE411

Session: 2017/18

Semester: First

Level: 400

Instructions: Attempt Four Questions,

Time: 3 hrs

Question 1 (15 marks)

a) Define soil from the civil engineering point of view. (2 marks)

- b) Explain the importance of Soil properties. (4 marks)
- c) State the knowledge of the characteristics and engineering properties of soils that are important to highway engineers. (3 marks)
- d) Briefly explain the following:
 - i. Physical weathering. (1.5 marks)
 - ii. Chemical weathering. (1.5 marks)
 - iii. Residual Soil. (1.5 marks)
 - iv. Transported Soil. (1.5 marks)

Question 2 (15 marks)

- a) Define soil compaction. (2 marks)
- b) Why is knowledge of optimum water content and the maximum dry unit weight of soils is very important? (3 marks)
- c) State the water content at which 95% level of compaction be attained. (5 marks)
- d) Draw a schematic diagram to illustrate the compaction specification of soils in the field. (5 marks)

Question 3 (15 marks)

- a) Explain the term "Soil Stabilization". (3 marks)
- b) Discuss the following methods of soil stabilization.
 - i. Cement stabilization (3 marks)
 - ii. Lime stabilization. (3 marks)
- c) What are the reasons that make cement stabilization the most popular method? (3 marks)
- d) State the factors that affect cement stabilization. (3 marks)

Question 4 (15 marks)

- a) The data in Table 1 is obtained from mechanical analysis, using the AASHTO method for classifying soils, determine the classification of the soil and state whether this material is suitable in its natural state for use as a subbase material. Table 2 is the AASHTO Classification of Soils and Soil Aggregate Mixtures. (10 marks)
- b) Draw a schematic diagram of typical two-lane highway with linear cross slopes. (5 marks)

Question 5 (15 marks)

- a) Enumerate varying survey needed to be conducted in determining the geometric features of road design. (6 marks)
- b) Briefly explain factors that affect highway geometric design. (9 marks)

Question 6 (15 marks)

- a) Explain the following:
 - Sight distances (2.5 marks)
 - ii. Stopping sight distances. (2.5 marks)
- b) The forces on a vehicle negotiating a horizontal curve is as shown in Figure Q6. (10 marks),

Where: The angle of incline of the road (super elevation) is α ; μ is defined as the side friction factor. Side frictional force between the vehicle and the highway is P; the reaction to the weight of the vehicle normal to the surface of the highway is N; M is the mass of the vehicle. The centrifugal force

acting horizontally on the vehicle and equals $C = \frac{MV^2}{R}$. Show that $:\frac{V^2}{127R} = e + \mu$

Table 1: Data from Mechanical Analysis

Sieve No.	Percent Fine	Plasticity Tests
4	97	LL= 48%
10	93	PL= 26%
40	88	
100	78	
200	70	

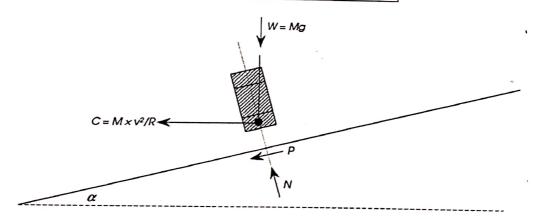


Figure Q6: vehicle negotiating a horizontal curve

Table 2: AASHTO Classification of Soils and Soil Aggregate Mixtures

		poor	Fair to poor				bod	Excellent to good	Ex		General rating as subgrade
Clayey soils	Claye	soils	Silty soils	sand	Silty or clayey gravel and sand	or clayey	Silty	Fine sand	gravel and sand	sione fragments, gravel and sand	osual types of significant constituent materials
11 min.*	11 min.	10 max.			11 min.	10 max.	10 max.	N.P.	ax.	6 max.	Plasticity index
41 min.	40 max.	41 min.	40 max.	41 min.	40 max.	41 min.	40 max.	1	,		Liquid limit
											traction passing No. 40:
											Characteristics of
36 min.	36 min.	36 min.	36 min.	35 max.	35 max.	35 max.	35 max.	10 max.	25 max.	15 max.	No. 200
l	1	1	I	1	I	1	l	51 min.	50 max.	30 max.	No. 40
	I	1	1		1	1	1	1	l	-50 max.	No. 10
											Percent passing
											Sieve analysis
A-7-5, A-7-6	A-6	A-5	A-4	A-2-7	A-2-6	A-2-5	A-2-4	A-3	A-1-b	A-I-a	Group Classification
A-7					-2	A-2			I.	A-1	
	5 Passing	e than 35% 0)	terials (More t No. 200)	Silt-Clay Materials (More than 35% Passing No. 200)		assing No.	6 or Less P	Granular Materials (35% or Less Passing No. 200)	iranular Mo	0	General Classification

^{*}Plasticity index of A-7-5 subgroup \leq LL - 30. Plasticity index of A-7-6 subgroup > LL - 30.

Source: Adapted from Standard Specifications for Transportation Materials and Methods of Sampling and Testing, 27th ed., Washington, D.C The American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials